

Date first : 2015.05.27 Revision No : 4 Data final : 2023.01.13

Product name	LEAD-ACID BATTERIES(MF)
1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPA	NY IDENTIFICATION
A. Product name	LEAD-ACID BATTERIES(MF)
B. Recommended use of the chemical ar	nd restrictions on use
Recommended use of the chemical	For engine start
Restrictions on use	It prohibited the use of non-designated use
C. Manufacturer/supplier/distributor information	
Manufacturer	DN Automotive Corp.
Adrres	(Shinilban Industrial Zone1) 12, Cheoyongsaneop 2-gil, Onsan-eup, Ulju-gun, Ulsan, Korea (44993)
Emergency telephone numbers	TEL:+82-52-240-7500 FAX:+82-52-240-7510
2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION	
A. Hazard classification	Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit flammable gases :
	Categories 2 Pyrophoric solids : Category 1
	Corrosive to metals : Category 1 Acute toxicity (oral, dermal, ingalation) : Categories 1
	Skin corrosion : Categories 1
	Serious eye damage : Category 1
	Carcinogenicity : Category 2
	Reproductive toxicity : Category 1A
	Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single exposure : Categories 1
	Specific target organ toxicity repeated exposure : Category 1
B. Allocation label elements	Hazardous to the aquatic environment_chronic : Category 3
Symbol	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	H250 Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air
	H261 In contact with water releases flammable gas
	H290 May be corrosive to metals
	H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
	H318 Causes serious eye damage
	H330 Harmful if inhaled
	H350 May cause cancer (inhalation)
	H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child
	H370 Causes damage to organs
	H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure



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Precautionary statements	
Prevention	P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
	P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
	P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. ? No smoking.
	P222 Do not allow contact with air.
	P223 Do not allow contact with water
	P231 + P232 Handle under inert gas. Protect from moisture.
	P234 Keep only in original container.
	P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
	P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
	P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
	P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
	P273 Avoid release to the environment.
	P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
	P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.
	P284 [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection
Response	P301 + P330 + P331 If SWALLOWED Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
	P303 + P361 + P353 If ON SKIN(or hair) Take off immediately all contamicated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
	P304 + P340 IF INHALED IF INHALED Remove person to fresh air and keep
	comfortable for breathing P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.
	Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.
	P307 + P311 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/?
	P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
	P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/
	P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
	P320 Specific treatment is urgent (see ?on this label).
	P321 Specific treatment (see ?on this label).
	P335 + P334 Brush off loose particles from skin. Immerse in cool water/wrap in w bandages.
	P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
	P370 + P378 In case of fire Use an extinguisher.
	P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.
Storage	P402 + P404 Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container.
	P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
	P405 Store locked up.
	P406 Store in corrosive resistant/ container with a resistant inner liner.
	P422 Store contents under
Disposal	P501 Dispose of contents/container to
Other hazards which do not resu	It in classification (NFPA)
Lead	
Health	Not available
Flammability	Notavailable



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Antimony	
Health	Not available
Flammability	Not available
Reactivity	Not available
Calcium	
Health	3
Flammability	1
Reactivity	2
Tin	
Health	Not available
Flammability	Not available
Reactivity	Not available
Sulfuric acid	
Health	3
Flammability	0
Reactivity	2
Polypropylene	
Health	1
Flammability	1
Reactivity	0

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical name / Synonym	CAS No. or ID	Content (%)
Lead	7439-92-1	54 - 56
Antimony	7440-36-0	0.2 - 0.7
Calcium	7440-70-2	0.03 - 0.07
Tin	7440-31-5	0.3 - 0.7
Sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	34 - 38
Polypropylene	9003-07-0	6 - 10

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

A. Eye contact	If a battery ruptures, do not rub or scratch exposed eye. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Cold water may be used. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.
B. Skin contact	If a battery ruptures, do not rub or scratch exposed skin. If liquid get on the skin, immediately flush the contaminated skin with water for at least 15 minutes. If liquid penetrate through the clothing, immediately remove the clothing and shoes under a safety shower and continue to wash the skin for at least 15 minutes. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.
C. Inhalation	If a battery ruptures, move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of mist. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.



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D. Ingestion	If solutions of a battery chemicals have been swallowed and the person is conscious, give one glass of water. Vomiting may occur spontaneously, but Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.
E. Most important symptoms/effects, acute or delayed	EYES : Not a likely route of exposure. If a battery ruptures, direct contact with the liquid or exposure to vapors or mists may cause tearing, redness, swelling, corneal damage and irreversible eye damage. Splashes in the eyes will cause severe burns.
	SKIN : Not a likely route of exposure. Direct contact with internal components of a battery can be severely irritating to the skin and may result in redness, swelling, burns and severe skin damage. Skin contact may aggravate an existing dermatitis condition.
	INHALATION : Not a likely route of exposure. If a battery ruptures, may be harmful or fatal if inhaled in a confined area. May cause severe irritation and burns of the nose, throat and respiratory tract.
	INGESTION : Not a likely route of exposure. Causes serious burns of the mouth or perforation of the esophagus or stomach. May be fatal if swallowed.
	* Lead may causes toxic to blood, kidneys, central nervous system (CNS). Repeated or prolonged
F. Indication of immediate medical attention and notes for physician	Based on the individual reactions of the patient, the physician's judgement should be used to control symptoms and clinical condition.
5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES	
A. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing	Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

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B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Lead, lead compounds and sulfuric acid fume may be released during a fire involving the product.
C. Special protective equipment and precautions for	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full fire-fighting protective clothing.
D. Fire and explosion hazard	Not flammable. Battery may rupture due to pressure buildup when exposed to excessive heat and may be result in the release of corrosive materials.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

A. Necessary measures and protective gear to If a battery ruptures, avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not touch protect spilled material. Use personal protective equipment recommended in Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection). humans B. Necessary measures to protect environment Notify authorities and appropriate federal, state, and local agencies. Prevent the product from spreading into the environment. Avoid direct discharge into C. Methods and materials for containment and SMALL SPILLS: Collect all released material in a plastic lined metal container. cleaning up If necessary neutralize the residue with a dilute solution of sodium carbonate. LARGE SPILLS: Contain liquid using absorbent material, by digging trenches or by building a dike. Absorb with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Neutralize the residue with a dilute solution of sodium carbonate. Dispose of all contaminated materials in accordance with current local regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE	
A. Precautions for safe handling	Protect from physical damage.
B. Conditions for safe storage (Including any incompatibilities)	Avoid contact with eyes. Store in a cool, dry, ventilated area away from sources of heat, moisture, incompatibilities, and direct sunlight. Have emergency equipment (for fires, spills, leaks, etc.) readily available.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

A. Occupational exposure limit(s), biological exposure standard



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OSHA-PEL	0.05 mg/m3 (Lead), 1 mg/m3 (Sulfuric acid), 0.5 mg/m3 (Antimony)
ACGIH-TLV	TWA 0.05 mg/m3 (Lead), TWA 0.2 mg/m3 (Sulfuric acid)
	TWA 0.5 mg/m3(Antimony)
B. Appropriate engineering controls	Use local exhaust ventilation if necessary to control airborne mist and vapor.
C. Individual protection measures	
Respiratory protection	If significant mists or aerosols are generated an approved respirator is recommended. If respiratory protection is required, institute a complete respiratory protection program including selection, fit testing, training, maintenance and inspection.
Eye protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
Hand protection	Wear chemical resistant gloves. Gloves should be replaced immediately if signs of degradation are observed.
Body protection	Use good work and personal hygiene practices to avoid exposure. Consider the provision in the work area of a safety shower and eyewash. Always wash thoroughly after handling chemicals.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

A. Appearance (Physical State, Colour Etc.)	Off-white cloudy liquid with solid object.
B. Odour	Characteristics
C. Odor threshold	Not available
D. pH	pH < 1 (Sulfuric acid)
E. Melting point/freezing point	Not available
F. Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available
G. Flash point	Non-flammable
H. Evaporation rate	Not available
I. Flammability (Solid, Gas)	Not applicable
J. Upper/Lower flammability or explosive limits	Non-flammable
K. Vapor pressure	Not available
L. Solubility	Soluble in water
M. Vapor density	Not available
N. Specific gravity	Not available
O. Partition coefficient of n-octanol/water	Not available
P. Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable
Q. Decomposition temperature	Not available
R. Viscosity	Not available
S. Molecular weight	Mixture
Note: These physical properties are typical v	alues for this product.
A. Appearance (Physical State, Colour Etc.)	Bluish white, silvery gray.
B. Odour	None
C. Odor threshold	Not available
D. pH	Not applicable
E. Melting point/freezing point	327.5℃
F. Initial boiling point and boiling range	1740℃ (1013 hPa)
G. Flash point	Non-flammable
H. Evaporation rate	Not applicable
I. Flammability (Solid, Gas)	Not applicable



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J. Upper/Lower flammability or explosive limits	Non-flammable
K. Vapor pressure	1.33 hPa (973℃)
L. Solubility	Insoluble in water
M. Vapor density	Not applicable
N. Specific gravity	11.34 g/cm3
O. Partition coefficient of n-octanol/water	Not applicable
P. Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable
Q. Decomposition temperature	Not applicable
R. Viscosity	Not applicable
S. Molecular weight	207.2

Note: These physical properties are typical values for Lead(Pb).

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

A. Chemical stabilit	Stable at normal temperatures and storage conditions.	
B. Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization will not occur.	
C. Conditions to avoid (static discharge, shock, vibration etc.)		
	Overcharging. Sources of ignition. Mechanical impact. Contact with incompatible chemicals.	
D. Substances to avoid	If a battery ruptures, avoid contact with organic materials and alkaline materials.	
E. Hazardous decomposition products	Lead, Lead compounds and sulfuric acid fumes may be released during a fire involving the product.	
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION		
A. Information on the likely routes of exposure		
Inhalation	Corrosive. severe irritation and burns.	
Ingestion	Serious burns	
Eye/Skin	Eye : Tearing, redness, swelling, corneal damage, irreversible eye damage and severe burns.	
	Skin : Redness, swelling, burns and severe skin damage.	
B. Delayed and immediate effects and also	chronic effects from short and long term exposure	
Acute toxicity	Oral (LD50):Rat, 2140 mg/kg (Sulfuric acid), 7000 mg/kg (Antimony)	
(possible route of exposure)	Skin (LD50) : Not available	
	Inhalation (LC50) : Rat, 0.347 mg/L(4hr) (dust//mist)	
Skin corrosion/irritation	cat 1	
Serious eye damage/irritation	cat 1	
Respiratory sensitization	Not available	
Skin sensitization	Not available	
Carcinogenicity	cat 1B	
	ACGIH Group A2, IARC Group 1 (Mist containing sulfuric acid) * Note: Sulfuric acid mist is not expected under normal use of the product. ACGIH Group A3, IARC Group 2B (Lead), IARC Group 3 (Polypropylene)	
Germ cell mutagenicity	cat 2	
Reproductive toxicity	Not available	
STOST-single exposure	cat 1	
	Respiratory	



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STOST-repeated exposure	cat 1		
	Hematopoietic system, kidney, central nervous system, peripheral nervous system, cardiovascular system, immune system, respiratory.		
Aspiration hazard	Not available		
C. Numeric measure of toxicity (such as acute toxicity estimates) - ATEmix			
Oral (LD50)	Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg		
Skin (LD50)	Not available		
Inhalation (LC50)	Rat, 2.51 mg/L(4hr) (dust//mist)		

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION	
A. Aquatic/terrestrial ecology toxicity	
Fish (LC50)	Not available
Daphnia (EC50)	Not available
Algae (EC50)	Not available
B. Persistence and degradability	
Persistence	Not available
Degradability	Not available
C. Bioaccumulative potential	Not available
D. Mobility in soil	Not available
E. Other hazardous effects	Not available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

A. DISPOSAL METHODS

Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Hazardous wastes must be transported by a licensed hazardous waste transporter and disposed of or treated in a properly licensed hazardous waste treatment, storage, disposal or recycling facility. Consult local, state, and federal regulations for specific requirements.

B. PRECAUTIONS (INCLUDING DISPOSAL OF CONTAMINATED CONTAINER OR PACKAGE)

Since emptied containers retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION	
A. UN Number	UN 2794
B. UN Proper shipping name	BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID, electric storage.
C. Transport hazard class(ES)	8
D. Packing group (If applicable)	None
E. Marine pollutant substances (applicable/not applicable)	Not Applicable
F. Special precautions for user	Not Applicable
15. REGULATORY INFORMATION	
A. Inventories	
EINECS/EU	Listed (EINECS No. 231-100-4(Lead), 231-639-5(Sulfuric acid))
TSCA/US	Listed

EINECS/EU	Listed (EINECS No. 231-100-4(Lead), 231-639-5(Sulfuric acid))
TSCA/US	Listed
ENCS/JAPAN	Listed (ENCS No. 1-527(Lead), 1-430(Sulfuric acid))
AICS/AUSTRALIA	Listed
DSL/CANADA	Listed



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	IECSC/CHINA	Listed
	PICCS/PHILIPPINES	Listed
	KECI/S.KOREA	Listed (KE-21887(Lead), KE-32570(Sulfuric acid))
	B. International Environmental Agreement	
	PIC	Not listed
	POPs	Not listed
	Ozone depletion	Not listed
EU. Directive 67/548/EEC on the classification, packaging, and labelling of dangerous substances, Anne		
	Classification	C; R35
	Risk Phrases	R35
	Safety Phrases	S1/2, S26, S30, S45
C. U.S. Federal, Heanth and Environment) and U.S. Federal, Right-To-Know		
	CERCLA Section 103 (40 CFR 302.4)	10lb (4.535 kg) (Lead), 1000 lb (453.599 kg) (Sulfuric acid)
	EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 302 (EHS -TPQ)	1000 lb (453.599 kg) (Sulfuric acid)
	EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 304 (EHS - Reporting Quantities)	1000 lb (453.599 kg) (Sulfuric acid)
	EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic chemical release reporting OSHA Specifically Regulated	Sulfuric acid (acid aerosols including mists, vapors, gas, fog, and other airborne forms of any Not applicable
ę	Substances	
	D. Canada regulatory information	

WHMIS Ingredient Disclosure List Regulated

NOTE: The regulatory information given above only indicates the principal regulations specifically applicable to the product described in the Safety Data Sheet. The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of additional provisions which complete these regulations. Refer to all applicable national, international and local regulations or provisions.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Source of data

Guideline for Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS).

EC-ECB, International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

Hazardous Substances Data Bank (HSDB)

Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS)

National Institute of Technology and Evaluatio -NITE (Japan).

NFPA 704 Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response.

International Chemical Safety Cards(ICSC)(http://www.nihs.go.jp/ICSC)

3E Company/Ariel WebInsight DB.

DTR AUTOMOTIVE CORPORATION.

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VICE PRESIDENT JAY H PARK